In This Activity …

Students will research and debate in order to produce a survival kit for differing hunting lifestyles. Their kit will consider the needs of humans, anthropology, logic and reasoning, the environment, and natural resources management.

Educational Partners

Life Science, Anthropology, Natural Resource Management
### OVERVIEW

About 12,000 years ago during the Pleistocene Epoch, the glaciers from the last ice age were receding and leaving behind a cold and windy tundra landscape. At the time, the sea levels were much lower and exposed the Bering Land Bridge, a land corridor that connected Eurasia to North America. This corridor allowed for the migration of several terrestrial animals … including the first humans. One of the first humans to migrate and discover the North American continent were the Clovis people. And when they arrived, they discovered a landscape covered in animals and large-bodied megafauna from the ice age. For example, there were mastodons, mammoths, giant beavers, giant ground sloths, camels, stag-moose, bison, short-faced bears, dire wolves, and saber-toothed tigers. To survive these harsh conditions, the Clovis people specialized in hunting these megafauna with spears that had unique spearpoints made out of flint called “Clovis points”. They also used atlatls, which was a tool that engaged the spear and allowed Clovis people to throw spears farther and faster.

Hunting was paramount to the survival of the clan. Not only could the clan consume energy-rich meat throughout the winter, but also obtain fur for their clothes and shelters, and bones for tools like adzes (stone axes), needles, hooks, harpoons, bearing blocks, knives and arrow points. This paleo lifestyle had numerous risks and costs but rewarded clans with healthy, strong families who lived to see the next day.

In 12,000 years, our hunting methods have advanced and changed greatly. Hunters can conserve habitat and wildlife populations by following hunting laws that limit the number of wildlife resources we can take. Hunting tools such as firearms are more efficient and ethical. Hunting still rewards hunters with natural meat that can build healthy families. Although hunting comes with many benefits, the number of modern people who actively hunt is on the decline.
In this lesson, students will assume the roles of paleo and modern hunting groups while researching and developing their survival kit for their respective lifestyle. Their presentations will lead to a debate on the costs and rewards of these lifestyles, and resolve what kind of hunting lifestyle they would consider living by creating the ultimate survival kit together as a class.

**Enduring Understanding:**
Students will understand the differences in harvesting and using wildlife resources for human and ecosystem welfare.

**Content Objectives:**
Students will be able to evaluate the personal, social, and environmental factors that determine how people harvest wild game. They will also be able to research, debate, and develop a hunting survival kit that reflects hunting lifestyles and goals.

**Learner Outcomes:**
Students will use online research to determine what tools, strategies, and solutions hunting stakeholders use in their lives when developing their survival kit. Students will use other online research, group discussions, and debates to develop their own personal hunting lifestyle that uses a combination of social, environmental, and recreational resource considerations.

**Process Objectives:**
Students will work in small and large groups to process new information and use evidence to come to conclusions.

**MATERIALS NEEDED:** (for each group, for each student)
- Access to computers and the Internet
- Clovis Kid Survival Strategies video and background information at: http://intotheoutdoors.org/topics/clovis-kid-survival-strategies/
- Pre-lesson Worksheet with questions to fill in while watching the video
- Six (6) Survival Group Worksheets
PROCEDURES

Session 1:
Before watching the video Clovis Kid Survival Strategies, or reading the website background information, ask students who the Clovis people or hunter-gatherers were. Then ask students to brainstorm what “a day in the life” for a Clovis Kid was like. Lead a short discussion on what the differences are between paleo hunters and modern hunters.

Have students download, or print and distribute the Pre-Lesson Student Worksheet (free PDFs on the web link). Instruct students to fill in the worksheet while watching the video. Go over the questions with the students before viewing so they know what to look and listen for.

After viewing the video, review and discuss the answers to the questions as a class. Next, divide the class in half: “Paleo People” and “Modern People”. Each half of the class will further be divided into smaller groups:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paleo People</th>
<th>Modern People</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mammoth Hunters</td>
<td>Archers &amp; Shooters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paleo Foragers</td>
<td>Modern Foragers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clovis Shelter-builders</td>
<td>Campers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inform students they will be working with the small and large group to achieve their assigned goals in Sessions 2 and 3. Have students download and print, or hand out to each student their respective Survival Group Worksheet (copies contained on the web link). Ask them to review the details and assignments of the worksheet in preparation for Session 2 and 3.

Session 2: Group Research and Survival Kit Development
In their separate small groups, have students perform online research from the links provided and from other sources they discover. The worksheets give instructions and research topics that will guide the students in their information gathering.
Then, have the small groups combine into their large groups to discuss and build their survival kit. Inform both large groups (Paleo People and Modern People) that they will present their survival kit to the class during Session 3. Their presentation should be supported by research and presented with at least one form of art or media prepared by the group (either video, poster, props, or slideshow with images).
Session 3: Group Presentations and Class Debate

Have each group present their Survival Kit with supporting research and reasons for key objects in their kit. Limit each large group to 10-minute presentations followed by two minutes of questions by the other group. During the presentations, have other students jot down the costs and rewards to the presented lifestyle. After both groups present their kits, lead a group discussion on the differing costs and rewards for both lifestyles. Open a debate on what outdoor lifestyle they would consider living by and how it would reward their family today. Conclude the discussion by having the whole class debate and construct what their “clan’s” survival pack would look like right now. Students may also include their current lifestyle in the mix.

ASSESSMENT

- Students will be informally assessed based on their participation within their groups and during class presentations and discussions.
- Teachers could collect the Pre-Lesson Student Worksheets and formally assess the discussion notes students took during the video to check for completion.
- Students can be assessed on meeting the formal learning objectives based on how thoroughly students completed their group worksheets and survival kits.
- Students can be evaluated on their presentations during Session 3.

EXTENSION ACTIVITY

Challenge students to make a real survival kit with their family and/or incorporate hunting into their lifestyle. For those students interested in developing a Paleo survival kit or skills, guide them to the “Learn More” section on the webpage. For those students interested in developing a modern survival kit, refer students to hunter-ed.com to begin their hunter education and earn their certificate.

RESOURCES FOR TEACHERS & STUDENT RESEARCH

https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities/art-americas/early-cultures/clovis-culture/a/clovis-culture
http://www.museum.state.il.us/muslink/nat_amer/pre/htmls/paleo.html
https://www.crowcanyon.org/EducationProducts/pueblo_history_kids/paleoindian.asp
CLOVIS KID SURVIVAL STRATEGIES

https://coloradoencyclopedia.org/article/paleo-indian-period
http://archeology.uark.edu/indiansofarkansas/index.html?pageName=Paleoindians
https://www.nwtf.org/hunt/article/ten-outdoor-survival-tips
https://www.wilderness-survival.net/
https://wildernessawareness.org/resources/articles

STANDARDS

The following National Common Core Standards can be met teaching:

CLOVIS KID SURVIVAL STRATEGIES

Grade 4:

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.2 Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.3 Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.7 Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 here.)

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.7 Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.5 Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.6 Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 here for specific expectations.)

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

Grade 5:

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.1 Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.3 Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.7 Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.9 Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.10  By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.3  Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4  Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2  Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.4  Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.6  With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.7  Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.8  Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.9  Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.10  Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.11  Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1  Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.2  Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.3  Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.4  Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.3  Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.4  Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.5  Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
Grade 6:

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.2 Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.7 Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.2 Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.3 Delineate a speaker’s argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.4 Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.5 Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4</th>
<th>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.5</td>
<td>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.6</td>
<td>Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Grade 7:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.1</th>
<th>Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.2</td>
<td>Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.4</td>
<td>Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2</td>
<td>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.4</td>
<td>Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.6</td>
<td>Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.7</td>
<td>Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.8</td>
<td>Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.9</td>
<td>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1</td>
<td>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.2</td>
<td>Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.3</td>
<td>Delineate a speaker’s argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.4</td>
<td>Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.5</td>
<td>Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.6</td>
<td>Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

**Grade 8:**

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.1 Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.3 Delineate a speaker’s argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1</th>
<th>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.2</td>
<td>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.3</td>
<td>Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4</td>
<td>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</td>
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<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.5</td>
<td>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.6</td>
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</table>

**Grades 6-8:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.1</th>
<th>Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.2</td>
<td>Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.4</td>
<td>Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.8</td>
<td>Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.6-8.9</td>
<td>Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.2</td>
<td>Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.4</td>
<td>Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.5</td>
<td>With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.6</td>
<td>Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.7</td>
<td>Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.8</td>
<td>Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.9</td>
<td>Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Next Generation Science Standards can be met teaching:

CLOVIS KID SURVIVAL STRATEGIES

Grades 4-5:

4-LS1-1. Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction. [Clarification Statement: Examples of structures could include thorns, stems, roots, colored petals, heart, stomach, lung, brain, and skin.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to macroscopic structures within plant and animal systems.]

4-LS1-2. Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on systems of information transfer.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the mechanisms by which the brain stores and recalls information or the mechanisms of how sensory receptors function.]

5-LS2-1. Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the idea that matter that is not food (air, water, decomposed materials in soil) is changed by plants into matter that is food. Examples of systems could include organisms, ecosystems, and the Earth.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include molecular explanations.]

5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth’s resources and environment.

3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

Grades 6-8:

MS-LS2-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on cause and effect relationships between resources and growth of individual organisms and the numbers of organisms in ecosystems during periods of abundant and scarce resources.]

MS-LS2-2. Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on predicting consistent patterns of interactions in different ecosystems in terms of the relationships among and between organisms and abiotic components of ecosystems. Examples of types of interactions could include competitive, predatory, and mutually beneficial.]

MS-LS2-4. Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on recognizing patterns in data and making warranted inferences about changes in populations, and on evaluating empirical evidence supporting arguments about changes to ecosystems.]

MS-ESS3-4. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth’s systems. [Clarification Statement: Examples of evidence include grade-appropriate databases on human populations and the rates of consumption of food and natural resources (such as freshwater, mineral, and energy). Examples of impacts can include changes to the appearance, composition, and structure of Earth’s systems as well as the rates at which they change. The consequences of increases in human populations and consumption of natural resources are described by science, but science does not make the decisions for the actions society takes.]